Far Western University Faculty of Law



सुदूरपश्चिम विश्वविद्यालय कान्न संकाय

विषय: कानुनी नेपाली (Legal Nepali) प्रकृति : अनिवार्य पाठ्यांशको सङ्केत : . LNep. 105 तह: बि.ए. एल.एल.बि. सत्र : प्रथम

्पूर्णाङ्च : १०० उत्तीर्णाङ्च : १० क्रेडिट: ३ जम्मा पाठयघण्टा :४५

१.पाठ्यकम परिचय

बि. ए. एलएल. बि. मा निर्धारित अनिवार्य कानुनी नेपाली (Legal Nepali) अन्तर्गत नेपाली भाषा र साहित्यको अध्ययन गराउनु आवश्यक हुन्छ । यस तहमा अध्ययनरत विद्यार्थीहरूलाई नेपाली भाषाको सामान्य अध्ययनपछि कानुनी क्षेत्रमा प्रयोग हुने कानुनी भाषाका बारेमा विशेष ज्ञान उपलब्ध गराउनु हो । यसअन्तर्गत भाषा र भाषिकाको प्रयोजनपरक भेदहरूका बारेमा सैद्धान्तिक एवम् व्यवहारिक ज्ञान, नेपालमा प्रचलित विभिन्न राष्ट्रिय भाषा र भाषिकाहरूमा प्रयुक्त व्याकरणका साथै पदावली र शब्दावलीका बारेमा शिक्षा प्रदान गरिन्छ । यसमा कानुनी नेपाली पदावलीहरूको परिचयका साथै तिनीहरूको विशिष्ट प्रयोग, वर्गीकरण र विश्लेषण गर्दै सामान्य भाषा र कानुनी भाषामा प्रयक्त भइरहेका केही प्राविधिक एवम् पारिभाषिक शब्दहरूको निर्वचन, शब्दार्थज्ञान र प्रयोगात्मक अभ्यासबाट भाषिक अभिव्यक्तिको क्षमता वृद्धि गरिन्छ । तहगत विशिष्टताका लागि नेपाली साहित्यअन्तर्गत कविता, कथा, निबन्ध र एकाङ्कीको सामान्य ज्ञानका साथै केही रचनाहरूको अध्ययन र समीक्षा गरिन्छ

२. पाठ्यक्रमको तहगत उद्देश्य

बि.ए. एल एल.बि. तहको तहगत उद्देश्य प्राप्त गर्ने सन्दर्भमा यस कानुनी नेपाली पाठ्यक्रमको तहगत समष्टि उद्देश्य निम्नलिखित किसिमको शैक्षिक प्राज्ञिक योग्यता भएको मध्यमस्तरीय जनशक्तिको उत्पादन गर्नुहुनेछ :

- (क) यस तहमा अध्ययन गर्ने विद्यार्थीहरूले भाषासम्बन्धी सैद्धान्तिक ज्ञान प्राप्त गर्नेछन्;
- (ख) साथै भाषा र भाषिकाको ज्ञान प्राप्त गर्दै यसका प्रयोजनपरक भेदहरूको सैद्धान्तिक र व्यावहारिक ज्ञान प्राप्त गर्नेछन् ।
- (ग) यस तहमा अध्ययन गर्ने विद्यार्थीहरूले नेपाली भाषाको उद्भव, विकास र वर्तमान अवस्थाको जानकारी प्राप्त गर्नेछन् ।
- (घ) यस तहमा अध्ययन गर्ने विद्यार्थीहरूले नेपालका अन्य राष्ट्रिय भाषाहरूका बारेमा विकास र वर्तमान अवस्थितिको बोध गर्नेछन् ।
- (ङ) प्रयोजनपरक नेपाली भाषाका भेदहरूको ज्ञानका साथै कानुनी नेपाली भाषाको वर्गीकरण, यसको भाषिक पक्ष, ऐतिहासिक पक्ष, व्याकरणगत पक्षका साथै कानुनी पदावलीहरूको वर्गीकरण गरी विश्लेषण गर्ने क्षमताको विकास गर्नेछन् ।

- (च) कान्नविषयक पाठ्यक्रमकै सहायक पाठ्यक्रमका रूपमा रहेको यस पाठ्यक्रमले बि.ए. एलएल. बि. तहका विद्यार्थीहरूलाई घरायसी लिखत र अदालती लिखतको लेखनशैलीसँग परिचित गराउँदै लिखतहरू तयार गर्ने कामको पूर्वाभ्यास गर्नेछन् ।
- (छ) केही नेपाली साहित्यिक रचनाहरूको अध्ययन र समीक्षाद्वारा उनीहरूमा समीक्षात्मक बौद्धिक विकास हनेछ ।
- (ज) कानुनी नेपाली पदावलीहरूको परिचयका साथै तिनीहरूको विशिष्ट प्रयोग, वर्गीकरण र विश्लेषण गर्दै सामान्य भाषा र कान्नी भाषामा प्रयुक्त भइरहेका केही प्राविधिक वा पारिभाषिक शब्दहरूको निर्वचनका साथै शब्दार्थज्ञान र प्रयोगात्मक अभ्यासबाट उनीहरूमा बौद्धिक र भाषिक अभिव्यक्तिको क्षमतामा बृद्धि हुनेछ ।

३.पाठ्यवस्तुको विवरण

एकाइ १.भाषाको सामान्य परिचय

३.१ कविता

३.२ कथा

- 9.9 भाषाका विशेषताहरू
- १ २ कानुनी भाषाका विशेषताहरु

एकाइ २. नेपाली भाषा, भाषिका र प्रयोजनपरक भेद

- २. १ नेपाली भाषाको उत्पत्ति, विकास र वर्तमान स्थिति
- २. २ नेपाली भाषाका क्षेत्रीय भाषिकाहरूको परिचय
- २. ३ नेपालका प्रमुख राष्ट्रिय भाषाहरूको सङ्क्षिप्त परिचय
- २.४ प्रयोजनपरक भाषाको परिचय र व्यवहार क्षेत्र

- २ ५ कान्नी क्षेत्रका पचासवटा पारिभाषिक शब्दावली र तिनको वाक्यमा प्रयोग

एकाइ ३ नेपाली साहित्यिक रचनाहरूको पठन र बोध

• लेखनाथ पौड्याल : कालमहिमा

लक्ष्मीप्रसाद देवकोटा : यात्री

• द्बस् क्षेत्री : यन्त्रको ऋत्

• पुष्करशमशेर : परिबन्द

जलेश्वरी श्रेष्ठ : मौनविदोह

• विश्वेश्वरप्रसाद कोइराला : दोषी चश्मा

• महेशविकम शाह : गाउँमा गीतहरू ग्न्जिदैनन्

• भूपि शेरचन : हामी

- ३.३ निबन्ध
 - लक्ष्मीप्रसाद देवकोटा : के नेपाल सानो छ ?
 - शंकर लामिछाने : गोधूलि संसार

३.४ एकाङ्की

विजय मल्ल : सत्ताको खोजमा

पाठ्यपुस्तक

लक्ष्मीप्रसाद देवकोटा : लक्ष्मी निबन्धसङ्ग्रह, साफा प्रकाशन लक्ष्मीप्रसाद देवकोटा : भिखारी, साभा प्रकाशन बालकृष्ण पोखरेल : राष्ट्रभाषा, साभा प्रकाशन गोविन्द घिमिरे : कान्नी नेपाली भाषा, साभा प्रकाशन गोविन्द घिमिरे : प्रयोजनपरक नेपाली, साभा प्रकाशन लक्ष्मणप्रसाद गौतम र नेत्र एटम (सम्पा.) : प्रज्ञा आध्निक नेपाली कविता, नेपाल प्रज्ञा प्रतिष्ठान । नेपाली साहित्यिक रचना : साफा प्रकाशन नेपाली बृहत् शब्दकोश : नेपाल प्रज्ञा प्रतिष्ठान चुणामणि बन्ध् (सम्पा.) : साफा कविता, साफा प्रकाशन सन्दर्भ सामग्री म्ल्की ऐन, २०२० : कान्न किताब व्यवस्था समिति, काठमाडौँ सीताराम अधिकारी र डा. स्रेन्दवर सिंह थापा : Essential Legal Dictionary (प्रयोगात्मक कान्नी नेपाली-अङ्ग्रेजी शब्दकोश) टोपबहाद्र सिंह : कान्नी शब्दकोश शङ्करक्मार श्रेष्ठ : नेपाली कान्नी शब्दकोश डा.सरेन्द्रवरसिंह थापा : कान्नी नेपाली भाषाको कालविभाजन, समकालीन साहित्य (२०७३ फाग्न-वैशाख : पूर्णाङ्क ७९), नेपाल प्रज्ञाप्रतिष्ठान, काठमाडौँ । प्रकाश वस्ती : वकिल नभएमा ज्ञाइन्दबहादुर श्रेष्ठ : कानुनी लिखतका मसौदा, पैरवी प्रकाशन हर्षनाथ शर्मा भट्टराई : प्रशासकीय तथा कान्नी शब्दकोश कानुन, न्यायदत, सर्वोच्च बार जर्नल र पैरवी पत्रिकाका विभिन्न अङ्कहरू

Course Title: Legal English-I Course Code: L.Eng. 115 Level: Undergraduate Semester: First Nature: Compulsory Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50 Credit: 3 Teaching Hours: 48

Course Description

The Legal English course is divided into two segments. The first segment (Unit 1 and II) introduces students to the primary features associated with the art of comprehending legal English. Students engage themselves with the fundamentals of language—mechanics, punctuation, dictions, grammar and syntax. They also gain insights into the relationship between matter and form in the process of constructing legal documents. The second segment (Units III, IV, and V) aims to familiarize the students with the nuances of legal English as practiced in the professional world. The tasks related to various legal concepts deliberated in each chapter will enhance their confidence and capacity to use English in a legal environment.

Course Objectives

The objectives of the course are to:

- Introduce students to the legal language.
- Enable students to use legal vocabulary and terminology.
- Enable students to communicate appropriately and effectively in legal situations.
- Introduce students to various forms of legal writing appropriate to their specific needs.
- Provide students with opportunities to develop basic English skills which will prove useful in different academic and professional contexts.

Learning Outcomes

Students will demonstrate ability to use a variety of appropriate legal vocabulary and terminology to communicate in written and/or spoken discourse in various academic and professional contexts/situations related to the field of law. They will become capable of using effective reading strategies to analyze texts related to the field of law. Additionally the students will be able to recognize the grammatical structures in a

given text, and produce documents/ papers/ assignments that exhibit basic writing skills including mastery of punctuation, grammar and style.

Unit 1: Fundamental Principles of Legal Writing	10
hours	
Fundamental Principles of Legal Writing	
Some Matters of Form	
Fundamental Rules of Usage	
Punctuation	
Word Choice	
Grammar and Syntax	
Unit II: An Approach to Legal Style	8 hours
Being Yourself	
Exposition and Argument	
Speaking Legally	
Expressive Tactics	
Unit III: Legal System and Legal Professionals	10 hours
Legal Systems	
Sources of Law: Legislation	
Sources of Law: Common Law	
The Court System	
Criminal Justice and Criminal Proceedings	
Civil Procedure	
Tribunals	
Solicitors	
Barristers	
Working Lives	
Judges	
Law Firm's Structure and Practice	
Unit IV: Legal Professionals in Practice, Law in Practice, and Liability	10
hours	
Client Care Procedures	

Money Laundering Procedures

Client Correspondence Explanations and Clarification Legalese Business Organization Formation of a Company Raising Capital by Share Sale Debt Financing: Secured Lending Company Directors and Company Secretaries Insolvency and Winding Up Alternative Dispute Resolution Corporations Tax Mergers and Acquisitions Anti-Competitive Behavior Tort 1: Personal Injury Claim Tort 2: Clinical Negligence

Unit V: Contract, Intellectual Property, Information Technology, and Environmental Law

10 hours

Forming a Contract 1 & 2 Structure of a Commercial Contract Express and Implied Terms Exclusion, Limitation and Standard Clauses Privity of Contract, Discharge, and Remedies Standard terms in the Sale and Supply of Goods Licensing Agreements and Computer Programs Commercial Leases Buying and Selling Commercial Property Employment Law Copyright and Patent Trade Marks, Domain Names, and Remedies for IP Infringement Information Technology Law and Cybercrime Environmental Law

Evaluation

Internal Evaluation 40% Final Exam 60%

Prescribed Texts:

Brown, Gillian and Sally Rice. *Professional English in Use: Law.* New Delhi: Cambridge

University Press, 2008.

Garner, Bryan. *The Elements of Legal Style*.(2nd Edition). New York: Oxford University Press, 2002.

Course Title: History of Nepal Course Code: LHist. 125 Level: Undergraduate Semester First Hours: 45 Nature of Course: Theory Compulsory Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50 Credit: 3 Teaching

Nature:

Course description: History is an account of civilization and guidance to the future. Nepal has faced vicissitudes in the course of time. Different rulers from ancient time to modern period, contributed in shaping of Nepali civilization. This course entails the periodic events having much importance in Nepali history, which are to be informed to the upcoming generations of Nepali students. This course on Nepali history is expected to serve as a valuable introduction to the past history of Nepal and present and future aspect of life. This course will make the students able to face the challenges of the time by empowering them with the knowledge of past events.

Course objectives: The main objectives of this course are to familiarize students with the brief survey of Nepal's ancient, medieval and modern history and to acquaint them with Nepal's political, economic, social and constitutional development.

Learning Outcomes:

Course Details Unit One:

Ancient Period

- i) Origin of Kathmandu valley (Hindu and Buddhist version)
- ii) Gopal, Mahispal, Kirat (An overview)
- iii) Lichhavi Rulers
 - a) Mandev, Anshuvarma, Narendra Dev
 - b) selected inscriptions relating to the rules and regulations

Unit Two:

Medieval Nepal

i) Simraongarh, Khas Malla Kingdom and Nepal Mandal

- ii) Sen Kingdom, Baisi and Chaubisi Principalities, Malla Kingdom of Kathmandu valley
- iii) Codes of Jayasthiti Malla, Mahendra Malla and Ram Shah

Unit Three:

Modern Nepal (1768-1951)

- i) Unification of Nepal Prithvi Narayan Shah, Rajendra Laxmi, Bahadur Shah, and Bhimsen Thapa
- ii) Rise of Jung Bahadur and one hundred and four years of Rana Rule (1846-1951)
- iii) Prithvi Narayan Shah's *Divya Upadesh* and Code of Rajendra Bikram Shah, Ujir Singh's Code and the 1854 Code and it's various amendments
- iv) The 1950 movement and end of Rana autocracy in Nepal

Unit Four:

Nepal after 1951

- i) Political instability (1951-1958)
- ii) Parliamentary Rule (1959-60)
- iii) Three decades of Panchayat rule 1961-90)
- iv) The 1990 movement and end of Panchayat system

Unit Five:

Constitutional Development (1948-90) 8 hrs.

- i) Government of Nepal Act 1948
- ii) Interim Government of Nepal Act 1951 and it's various amendments
- iii) The Constitution of Kingdom of Nepal 1959 and it's various amendments
- iv) The Constitution of Nepal 1962 and it's various amendments
- v) The Constitution of Kingdom of Nepal 1990
- vi) Interim Constitution of Nepal

Evaluation

Internal Exam 40% Final Exam 60%

Reading Materials:

Books and references:

i) Hrisikesh Shah. Ancient and Medieval Nepal. Ratna Pustak Bhandar,

Kathamandu, 1992.

- ii) Dhanavajra Bajracharya, Lichhavi kalka Abhilekh, Research Centre of Nepal and Asian Studies, 2030 B.S.
- iii) D.R. Regmi, Ancient Nepal, Firna K.L. Mukhopadhyaya, Clacutta, 1969
- iv) Ludwig F. Stiller, Rise of House of Gorkha, Revised Ed. 1995, Nepal
- v) Ludwig Stiller, Prithvi Narayan Shah in the Light of Divya Updesh, 1969
- vi) Adrian Sever, Nepal Under the Ranas, Oxford 1993
- vii) Nepalese Constitutions of different periods.
- viii) Sardar Bhim Bahadur Pande, Tyas Bakhata Ko Nepal, Phinix Books, Kathamandu,
- ix) Mary Shepherd, Nepal Mnadala, Mndala Book Point, 1998.
- Komal Prakash Malla (ed.), Nepal Perspective and Continuity and Change, CNAS, Tribhuvan University, Kathmandu, 1989.
- xi) DhanaVajra Vajracharya and Komal Prakash Malla, The Gopalrajvanshawali, Franz Steiner Verlag Weisbaden Gmb... 1985.

Nepali Books (Please manage to type in Nepali Language)

- i) Jagadish Chandra Regmi, Nepal ko vaidhanik parampara Tribuvan University, Pathyakram vikash kendra, 2036
- ii) Triratna Manandhar, Niranjan Sharma, Aadhunuk nepal ko razanitik itihas (2007-2019 T.U. Nepal ra asiyali anusandhan kendra, 2053,
- iii) Peshal Dahal, Nepal ko itihas, M.K. Publishers, 2053
- iv) Surendra K.C, Prachin tatha madhyakalin Nepal, Pairavi Prakshan, 2055
- v) Tirth Prashad Mishra, Aadhunik Nepal ki itihas, (1743-1951 A. D.)M. K. Publishers, Kathamandu, 2057
- vi) Rewatiraman Khanal, Nepal ko kanooni itihasko ruprekha, 2059
- vii) Balchandra Sharma, Nepal ko itihaik ruprekha, 2022.

Course Title: Economics-I Course Code: LEco 110 Level: Undergraduate Semester First Hours: 45 Nature of Course: Theory Compulsory Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50 Credit: 3 Teaching

Nature:

Course Description

This course comprises basic concept and principles of economics, theory of demand, supply and market equilibrium, cost, revenue and market, economic development and Nepalese economics.

Course Objectives

The main objective of this course is to acquaint students with the basic concept and knowledge of contemporary economic theory, principles and practices both at micro and macro levels, including familiarity with economic terminologies, words and phrases. The course further describes Nepal's own natural, physical and human resources and contemporary problems, and efforts made for resolving them.

Learning Outcomes

By the completion of the course students will be able to:

- explain the basic concepts of Economics, form of economic analysis and economic problem.
- know the concept of demand, supply, market equilibrium, basic concept of cost revenue & forms of market.
- explain the concept of economic growth, economic development, different approaches of economic development and issues in economic development
- analyze the basic concept and features of Nepalese economy.

Course Details

Unit 1: Basic Concept and Principles of Economics (10hrs.)

1.1Definition – Adam Smith, Marshall and Robbins

- 1.2Scope: Subject matter, Nature of Economics and relationship of economics with other subjects
- 1.3Forms of economic analysis
 - 1.3.1 Micro and Macro approach, meaning and importance
 - 1.3.2 Positive and Normative economics
- 1.4Basic economic issues: scarcity and choice and allocation of resources
- 1.5Production possibility curve and opportunity cost

Unit 2: Theory of Demand, Supply and Market Equilibrium (8hrs.)

- 2.1 Theory of demand: Meaning, determinants, law of demand, individual and market demand curve, movement and shift in demand curve
- 2.2 Theory of supply: Meaning, determinants, law of supply, individual and market supply curve, movement and shift in supply curve
- 2.3 Market equilibrium

Unit 3: Cost, Revenue and Market

- 3.1 Cost and Revenue: Meaning, types and classification
- 3.2 Different forms of market: Perfect competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic competition and Oligopoly (meaning, features and comparison)
- 3.3 Forms of business organization: sole proprietorship, partnership, Joint Stock Company and Cooperative societies.

Unit 4: Economic Development

- 4.1 Meaning and concept of economic growth and economic development, difference
- 4.2 Indicators of economic development
- 4.3 Basic characteristics of economic development with special reference to developing countries.
- 4.4 Approaches to development: liner stages theory, structural change model, and theory of economic dependency, human development approach and sustainable development
- 4.5 Issues in development:
 - 4.5.1 Poverty: Meaning and types
 - 4.5.2 Inequalities: Meaning, causes and measurement

Unit 5: Nepalese Economics

- 5.1Characteristics of Nepalese economy
- 5.2Potentials of Nepalese economy: Water, forest, minerals, human resources and Tourism

(10hrs.)

(8hrs.)

(9hrs.)

- 5.3Planning in Nepal: Meaning, importance, process of plan formulation, overview of past plans and Current plan; Objectives, strategies, programs and resource allocation
- 5.4Budget in Nepal: Meaning, process of budget formulation and challenges

Evaluation

Internal Exam 40% Final Exam 60%

Reading Materials:

A. Prescribed Materials:

Dwivedi, D.N. (2003). Microeconomics Theory and Applications. New Delhi: Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd.

Gautam, S. and Surendra Lamsal.(2011). Microeconomics. Kathmandu: Sunrise Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Jhingan, M.L. (2010). The Economics of Development and Planning. New Delhi: Vrinda Publication pvt.ltd.

Kandel, N. and et. al. (2015). Text Book of Economics. Kathmandu: Buddha Academic Publishers and Distributers Pvt. Ltd.

Todaro, M.P. (1993). Economic Development in the Third Word. Hyderabad, India:Orient Longman Ltd.

B. References:

Ministry of Finance, Budget Speech of different years Ministry of Finance, Economic Survey, Kathmandu. National Planning Commission, Economic Planning of different years Nepal Rastra Bank, Economic Reports of different years

Course Title: Sociology and Anthropology Course Code: LSoc 130 Level: Undergraduate Semester First Hours: 45 Nature of Course: Theory Compulsory

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50 Credit: 3 Teaching

Nature:

Course Description

This introductory course of Sociology and Anthropology presents students basic concepts covering many areas of contemporary sociology and anthropology. Topics explored in this course includes introduction basic concepts Social and Cultural Processes Social Stratification Social Stratification Social Cultural Change and Development Contemporary Social Issues.

Course Objectives

The objective of this course is to familiarize students with the basic concepts principles of society and culture in general and Nepali society and culture in particular. The course expects students to understand the structures of society and the socio-cultural processes and social change and development.

Expected Outcomes

On completion of the course students will be able relate law and legal issues with society and culture. they will be able use sociological concepts and principles to the fuller understanding of contemporary social issues which are related to law as well. They will have a sound knowledge of their own society social stability and sociocultural change

Unit 1: Introduction to Sociology

(9 hrs.)

- **a.** Meaning and Definition of Sociology
- **b.** Nature of Sociology (Sociology as Science /Sociology as an Art)
- **c.** Scope of Sociology (Synthetic School/Formalistic school)
- d. Sociology and other Social Sciences
 - Sociology and History
 - Sociology and Economics
 - Sociology and Political Science
 - Sociology and Psychology

- e. Subdivision of Sociology
 - (Historical sociology/Rural sociology/Urban sociology/Economic Sociology/Political Sociology/Medical Sociology/Development Sociology of Education /Sociology of Law/Sociology of Religion)
- f. Origin and Development of Sociology
- g. Uses of Sociology

Unit 2 Introduction to Anthropology

- a. Meaning and Definition of Anthropology
- b. Nature of Anthropology
- **c.** Scope of Anthropology
- d. Anthropology and other social sciences
 - Anthropology and History
 - Anthropology and Economics
 - o Anthropology and Political Science
 - o Anthropology and Psychology
 - Anthropology and Sociology
- e. Branches of Anthropology
- f. Origin and Historical Development of Anthropology
- **g.** Uses of Anthropology

Unit 3. Basic Concepts and Socio-Cultural Processes

a. sociological-anthropological concepts

Society, Culture, Community, Social Institution, Social Group, Social Structure, Social Status, Social Role, Social Norms and Social Values (Meaning, definition, characteristics, and types)

b. Social and Cultural Processes

Socialization (Meaning definition importance types stages and agents) Acculturation, Assimilation, Cooperation competition conflict

Unit 4 Social Stratification and Social Institution and Social Stratification 9 hrs.

4(a) Meaning Definition Characteristics types (5hrs)

1. Caste

(meaning/ definition/types/factors affecting changes)

2. Class

(meaning/ definition/types/factors affecting changes)

3. Gender

(meaning/ definition/distinction between sex and gender causes of gender inequality and Discrimination)

4. Ethnicity/ethnic group

meaning/ definition/types/factors affecting changes) Causes of ethnic discrimination and inequality

(9 hrs.)

9hrs.

4b. Social Institution (4hrs)

o Meaning Definition Characteristics types

a. Marriage

Meaning/Definition/Characteristics/Functions and types

b. Family

Meaning/Definition/Characteristics/Functions and types

c. Kinship

Meaning/Definition/Characteristics/Functions and types

Unit 5 Social Cultural Change and Development and Contemporary Issues 9 hrs.

- a. Meaning Definition and Distinction between social and Cultural change
- b. Causes and Consequences social and cultural change
- c. Factors affecting social and Cultural change
- d. Meaning definition dimension processes of Development
- e. Domestic violence against women
- f. Unemployment and Labour migration
- g. Child labour, Untouchability

Internal Evaluation: 40%

External evaluation: 60%

References

- 1. C.N. Shankar Rao Sociology Revised Edition (latest) S Chand and Company Ltd. New Delhi India.
- 2. Vidhya Bhusan and D. R. Sachdeva An Introduction to Sociology Kitab Mahal. Allahabad India
- 3. A. R. N. Srivastava Essentials of Cultural Anthropology Prentice Hall of India New Delhi India.

Course Title: Political Science Course Code: LPol 120 Level: Undergraduate Semester First Hours: 45 Nature of Course: Theory Compulsory **Course Description:**

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50 Credit: 3 Teaching

Nature:

This course covers theoretical part of political science. It has been divided into 10 chapters and sub-chapters. This course gives general introduction to political science, state, sovereignty, government, democracy, political parties and election system.

Course Objectives:

This course has three-fold objectives which are:

- to provide basic concepts to students about the political theories to help them understand about the important theories of political science, help them to know broader base of the subject matters including relationship of political science with other branches of social science.
- to acquaint students with basic political problems and their relation to law.

Course Contents:

1. Definition, nature and scope of political science

- 2.
- Method and approaches to the study of political science
- 3. Relation of political science with other social science subjects 4

Unit II: The State

- 1. Concept and Definition of State
- Elements of State 2.

Unit I: Introduction to Political Science

Concept of Welfare State 3.

Unit III: Sovereignty and Law

1. Concept, Definition and Characteristics of Sovereignty 10

4

- 2. Austin's Concept of Sovereignty
- 3. Laws as the Expression of General Will

Unit IV: The Government

- 1. Forms of Government: Presidential and Parliamentary Government
- 2. Types of Government: Federal and Unitary Government
- 3. Organs of Government: Legislative, Executive and Judiciary
- 4. Doctrine of Separation of Power and Check and Balance

Unit V: Democracy

5

10

- 1. Concept and principles of Democracy
- 2. Types of Democracy (Direct, Representative, Liberal, Inclusive)
- 3. State and Non-state actors in Democracy
- 4. Challenges of Democracy

Unit VI: Political Parties and Election System

12

- 1. Concept and characteristics of political parties
- 2. Formation and Functions of Political Parties
- 3. Concept and Development of Election System
- 4. Types of Electoral Systems: Plurality/majority, Proportional and Mixed Election System

Evaluation

Internal Exam 40% Final Exam 60%

Reading Materials:

Recommended Books

Agrawal, R. C. 2004. Political Theory. New Delhi: S. Chand and Company Ltd.

- Asirvatham, Eddy and Misra, K. K. 2011. *Political Theory*. New Delhi: S. Chand and Company Ltd.
- Dahal, Dev Raj and Bhatta, C. D. (eds.). 2010. Multi-verse of Nepal's Democracy: Contents and Discontents. Kathmandu: Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung.
- Held, David. 1987. Models of Democracy. California: Stanford University Press.
- Kapur, Anup Chand. 2011. *Principles of Political Science*. New Delhi: S. Chand and Company Ltd.

Mahajan, V. D. 2010. Political Theory. New Delhi: S. Chand and Company Ltd.

Reynolds, Andrew; Reilly, Ben and Ellis Andrew. 2008. *Electoral System Design: The New International IDEA Handbook.* Stockholm: International IDEA.

Reference Books

- Baral Lok Raj (ed.). 2005. Election and Governance in Nepal. New Delhi: Manohar.
- Baral Lok Raj (ed.). 2004. *Nepal: Political Parties and Parliament*. New Delhi: Adroit Publications.
- Consolidating Democracy in Nepal: Assessment Mission Report. 1997. Stockholm: International IDEA
- Finer, Herman. 2000. *The Theory and Practice of Modern Government*. New Delhi: Surjeet Publications.
- Gauba, O. P. 2000. *An Introduction to Political Theory*. New Delhi: MacMillan India Limited.
- Johari, J. C. 2003. Contemporary Political Theory: New Dimensions, Basic Concepts and Major Trends. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Private Limited.
- Laski, Harold J. 2012. Grammar of Politics. Delhi: Surjeet Publications
- Reilly, Benjamin and Nordlund, Per. 2008. Political Parties in Conflict-Prone Societies: Regulation, Engineering and Democratic Development. Tokyo: United Nations University Press.
- Saez, Lawrence. 2002. Federalism without a Centre: The Impact of Political and Economic Reform on India's Federal System. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Suri, K. C. 2007. *Political Parties in South Asia: The Challenge of Change.* Stockholm: International IDEA.
- Watts, Ronald L. 2008. *Comparing Federal Systems*. Montreal and Kingston: Institute of Intergovernmental Relation, McGill-Queen's University Press.

Course Title: Principles of Law Course Code: Law 101 Level: Undergraduate Semester First Hours: 45 Nature of Course: Theory Compulsory Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50 Credit: 3 Teaching

Nature:

Course Details

Course description: The concept of law lies at the heart of our social and political life and pivotal to social harmony. Legal theory is a demanding discipline. It provides answer to various questions such as what is law? How it is formulated? How it functions in the society? The course also discusses rights, duties, their types and the relationship between rights and duties. The course entails the basic knowledge about the person, and personality. The syllabus provides detailed knowledge on the jurisprudential issues such as possession and ownership which are pertinent to social life.

Course objectives: This course is designed to:

- a) provide intensive knowledge to the students about how law is created and how it works in the society.
- **b)** impart knowledge to the students on types of rights and duties an individual has in the society.
- c) impart knowledge to the students about the relationship between rights and duties and how the influence each other
- **d)** provide knowledge on how possession and ownership is created and exercised in society
- e) to acquaint students how possession and ownership are related with each other and with concept of property.

Expected outcomes: After studying this course, the students shall have knowledge about:

- a) concept of law and formulation of law
- b) functions of law in the society and how law works in the society.
- c) legal concept of rights and duties and their role to strengthen peace and order in the society
- d) idea about the possession and ownership in the context of property rights of individuals
- e) foundation for studying jurisprudence

Unit One

Introduction to Law 10 hrs.

-Meaning and definition of law

-Scope and Importance of law

- -Purpose of Law
- -Functions of law

-Kinds and classification of Law

-Sources of Law

- a. Custom
- b. Legislation
- c. Precedent
- d. Treaty
- e. agreement
- f. Other sources: juristic writings, reason, and good conscience

Unit Two

Rights and duty 10 hrs.

-Meaning of rights

-Element and theories of rights

-Types rights

- Perfect and imperfect rights
- Positive and Negative rights
- Rights in rem and rights in personam
- Proprietary and personal rights
- Right in re-propria and right in re-aliena
- Personal and accessory rights
- Primary and sanctioning rights
- Legal and equitable rights
- Vested and contingent rights

-Meaning of duty

-kinds of duty

-Relationship between rights and duty

Unit Three

Person and personality

Meaning of person

Kinds of person

- Natural person
- Legal person

-Double personality

-Corporate personality and it's theories

-Legal status of

- Dead person
- unborn child and
- Animal

Unit Four

Possession

11 hrs.

6 hrs.

-Meaning and importance of possession

-Elements of possession: corpus posessionis and animus possesidendi

-Types of possession

- possession in law and possession in fact
- Mediate and immediate possession
- Corporeal and incorporeal possession
- Constructive possession
- Concurrent possession

-Acquisition of possession

-Continuation of possession

-Termination of possession

-Possessory remedies

Unit Five

Ownership

8 hrs.

-Meaning and Importance of ownership

-Subject matter of ownership

-Classification of ownership

- Sole and co-ownership
- Trust and beneficial ownership
- Legal and equitable ownership
- Vested and Contingent ownership

Evaluation Internal Exam 40% Final Exam 60% **Reading Materials:**

Recommended Texts:

F.J. Fitzgerald, Salmond on Jurisprudence, universal Law Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd, India, 2010.

Concept of Law, Bibek Kumar Poudel, MM Publications Pvt. Ltd, 2017, Kathmandu.

R.W.M. Dias, Jurisprudence, Fifth Edition, Lexis Nexis, India, 2013.

References:

B.N Mani Tripathi, An Introduction to Jurisprudence (Legal Theory), Allahabad Law Agency, India, 1993

S.N. Dhyani, Jurisprudenceand Legal Theory, Fifth Edition, Central Law Agency Allahabad, 2019.

Nomita Agrawal, Jurisprudence(Legal Theory), Central Law Agency, Allahabad, 2019, India